		STUDY MODULE D	ESCRIPTION FORM			
Name of the module/subject Water Supply Systems			Code 1010102211010130356			
Field of			Profile of study (general academic, practica		Year /Semester	
		eering Second-cycle	general academic	;		
Elective path/specialty Water Supply, Water and Soil Protection			Subject offered in: Polish		Course (compulsory, elective) obligatory	
Cycle of	study:		Form of study (full-time,part-time)		
Second-cycle studies			full-time			
No. of h					No. of credits	
Lectur	0100000		Project/seminars:	15	5	
Status c	of the course in the study	program (Basic, major, other)	(university-wide, from another	,		
		other	univ	ersi	ty-wide	
Educatio	on areas and fields of sci	ence and art			ECTS distribution (number and %)	
techr	ical sciences				5 100%	
	Technical scie	ences			5 100%	
Resp	onsible for subj	ect / lecturer:			<u> </u>	
•	asz Schiller					
	il: tomasz.schiller@pi	ut.poznan.pl				
	616652078					
	ulty of Civil and Enviro	5 5				
ul. F	Piotrowo 5 60-965 Poz	เกลท์				
Prere	quisites in term	s of knowledge, skills and	d social competencies	:		
1	Knowledge	Basic knowledge acquired within studies Fluid mechanics, Water	in courses delivered earlier during First-cycle and Second-cycle supply, Mathematics			
2	Skills	Use of knowledge obtained and especially Water supply. Self-ed	skills acquired as part of the subjects mentioned above, ducation ability			
3	Social	Awareness of the need to consta	antly update and supplement k	knowl	ledge and skills	
A	competencies					
	• •	ectives of the course:		,		
	ng and deepening of l ering problems conce	knowledge and skills acquired in th rning water supply	ne first-cycle studies required f	for so	Diution of complex	
	Study outco	mes and reference to the	educational results fo	r a f	ield of study	
Know	/ledge:					
1. Stud	lent knows water supp	bly systems calculation methods -	[K2_W01, K2_W03]			
2. Stud	lent knows methods u	sed in water supply systems mode	elling - [K2_W01, K2_W05, K2	2_W0	7]	
[K2_W	01, K2_W07]	models calibration criteria and an	с ,		eters on obtained results -	
		cs needed for water supply system	ns modelling - [K2_W01, K2_V	W05]		
Skills						
	lent can prepare perfo)5, K2_U09, K2_U10]	prmance characteristics of selected	I sources of water supply syst	ems	-	
	•	lation of selected hydraulic power	· · - · -			
		out data basic structure necessary K2_U08, K2_U09, K2_U10]	to build computer model of wa	ater c	distribution system -	
		neters that may cause adverse eff K2_U08, K2_U09, K2_U10]	ects in water distribution syste	ems -	-	
5. Stud	lent understands the r	need to check and verify the obtain	ed results - [K2_U01, K2_U0)8, K2	2_U10, K2_U15]	
Socia	I competencies:					

Social competencies:

- 1. Student sees the need for systematic increasing his skills and competences [K2_K01]
- 2. Student understands the need for teamwork in solving theoretical and practical problems [K2_K01, K2_K03, K2_K04]
- 3. Student has awareness of decisions impact on outcome of his activities [K2_K02, K2_K05]

Assessment methods of study outcomes

Written final exam

Tutorials: evaluation of presentation prepared in subgroups, test

Practical exercises: evaluation of advanced projects, checking of knowledge confirming understanding of presented in projects solutions

Course description

Hydraulic interaction of power water systems. Analysis of universal formulas for lambda coefficient calculation.

Development of informatics tools for modelling and design of water supply network. Modelling of water distribution systems using computer programs. Stages of model construction. Data acquisition methods to build a computer model of water supply network. Use of computer model for analysis and evaluation of water distribution system.

Basics of GIS. Using GIS for water distribution systems modelling. Numeric surface models.

Tasks carried out by measuring equipment for water supply network monitoring.

Methods of water resources problems solving.

Exercise topics:

- 1. The GIS basics concerning modeling of water distribution systems.
- 2. Allocation of water demand points integrated with GIS systen points. Spatial data models.
- 3. History of development of water distribution systems modeling.

4. Water distribution systems quality changes modeling.

5. Calibration, verification and validation methods of hydraulic water distribution systems models.

6. Methods of water distribution systems simplifying - skeletonization.

Basic bibliography:

1. Gabryszewski T., Wodociągi, PWN, Wrocław 1983

2. Knapik K., Bajer J., Wodociągi, Wydawnictwo Politechniki Krakowskiej, Kraków, 2010

3. Mielcarzewicz E., Obliczanie systemów zaopatrzenia w wodę, Arkady, Warszawa 2001

4. Kwietniewski M. i inni, Projektowanie elementów systemu zaopatrzenia w wodę, Wydawnictwo Politechniki Warszawskiej, Warszawa 1998

5. Kwietniewski M., GIS w wodociągach i kanalizacji, PWN, Warszawa, 2008

Additional bibliography:

1. Rossman L. A., EPANET 2 Users Manual, US EPA, 2000

2. Boulos P.F. , Lansey K.E., Comprehensive Water Distribution Systems analysis Handbook for engineers and planners, MWH Soft., USA, 2006

3. Cesario L., Modeling, Analysis and design of Water Distribution Systems, AWWA, USA, 1995

4. Manual of Water Supply Practices M32, Computer Modeling of Water Distribution Systems, AWWA, USA, 2005

5. Reference Guide for Utilities, Water Distribution System Analysis. Field Studies, Modeling and Management, US EPA,

USA, 2005

Result of average student's workload

Activity	Time (working hours)						
1. Participation in lectures		30					
2. Participation in excersises	30						
3. Participation in practical exercises	15						
4. Participation in consultations related to exercises	3						
5. Preparation for the exercises	7						
6. Preparation for the practical exercises	14						
7. Preparation for the exam		24					
8. Presence at the exam	2						
Student's workload							
Source of workload	hours	ECTS					

Total workload	125	5
Contact hours	83	3
Practical activities	20	1